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# BLM UNCOMPANGRE FIELD OFFICE RMP PLANNING FACT SHEET Managing For Livestock & Against Weeds

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The BLM Uncompanded Field Office (UFO) is revising the Resource Management Plan (RMP) for the Uncompanded planning area. The Uncompanded RMP will provide detailed information about the current state of resources on public lands within the planning area, and set forth a plan of action for managing those resources for the next twenty or so years under the BLM's dual mandate of multiple use and sustained yield.

## LIVESTOCK GRAZING IN THE PLANNING AREA

Currently 628,754 acres (93%) of BLM-administered public land within the Uncompahgre planning area are allocated for livestock grazing. The public range is permitted at a level of 43,491 AUMs of forage. This figure includes 38,200 active AUMs and 5,291 AUMs of suspended use. Permittees paid to use 29,219 AUMs of forage in 2008.

Animal Unit
Month (AUM)
The amount
of forage
needed to
sustain one
cow, five
sheep, or five
goats for a
month

Over the past five years, billed use has averaged 65% of total permitted use. This difference can be attributed to a number of variables. Seasonal variations in precipitation and temperature result in more or less available forage from one year to the next. Drought conditions have required a reduction in grazing use in order to maintain good range conditions. Permittees may also opt for voluntary non-use for a variety of reasons, resulting in AUMs that are available but not used. In addition, grazing is typically deferred in an area for two years following land treatments and fire rehabilitation projects, accounting for lower use levels.



There are 46,923 acres (7%) of BLM-administered public land within the planning area not allocated for livestock use. In addition, there are a

small number of allotments where permits have been voluntarily relinquished and are considered vacant.

Within the planning area, there are 203 allotments and 135 permittees. The allotments vary in size from 40 to 92,198 acres, with grazing allocations ranging from one to 4,800 AUMs in each allotment. In 2009, 85% of the allotment permits were for cattle, with sheep and horse grazing accounting for the remaining 15%. Individual operators graze animals on 188 allotments, while the remaining fifteen are common allotments grazed by two or more operators.

Grazing within the planning area occurs throughout the year, with much of the use concentrated during spring and fall months. Spring and fall allotments are typically located adjacent to U.S. Forest Service land, and are utilized for short periods prior to "on" dates and after "off" dates for higher elevation summer allotments on national forest land. Summer use allotments are commonly found at higher elevations in the North Fork of the Gunnison River area. Winter use allotments are primarily located in the west end of Montrose and San Miguel Counties, at lower elevations associated with a semiarid climate.



6.2—Managing For Livestock & Against Weeds



### Managing for Grazing

All grazing permits include terms and conditions regarding management of the allotment. In some cases, allotment management plans (AMPs) have been developed, which provide greater detail about the location, amount, and timing of permitted grazing use, and incorporate allotment-specific planned grazing systems.

Most allotments in the planning area contain portions which are only slightly used or not used at all by livestock due to topography, distance from water, limitations caused by natural barriers, or for other reasons. Rangeland improvement projects, water developments in particular, have been implemented within the UFO to better distribute livestock grazing.

Within UFO grazing allotments there are many other uses such as recreation, wildlife, energy development, mining, and utility easements. Resources such as threatened and endangered species, Special Recreation Management Areas, wilderness areas, and Areas of Critical Environmental Concern also occur within grazing allotments, and require special management attention.

# The BLM wants your input...

- Which, if any, unallotted or vacant allotments should be permitted for livestock use? Are there any allotments that should be unallotted, and why?
- Which weed management or control practices should or should not be used?

Integrated
Weed
Management
(IWM)
The use of all
suitable weed
control
methods to
keep weed
populations

below the

economic/

ecological

injury level

# CONTROLLING NOXIOUS WEEDS IN THE PLANNING AREA

Preventing the introduction of noxious and invasive species is the first line of defense against noxious weed establishment. The UFO applies Integrated Weed Management principles and Early Detection/Rapid Response strategies to curtail damage to ecosystems by noxious weeds.

IWM utilizes a combination of control strategies which will hopefully result in the most effective control of target noxious species. IWM methods include cultural practices, use of

biological, physical, and the selective use of herbicides. Following the use of control measures, monitoring is conducted to determine which treatments are working, and on which species.



Early detection and rapid response efforts increase the likelihood that invasions will be addressed successfully while populations are still localized and population levels are not beyond that which can be contained

and eradicated. Once populations are widely established, all that might be possible is the partial mitigation of negative impacts. In addition, the costs associated with such efforts are typically far less than those of long-term invasive species management programs.

Surveying for noxious species is important and is focused on highpriority targets, such as high-risk locations, high-value resources, important pathways, and populations and species of specific concern. More remote backcountry areas are also surveyed and monitored, although at longer intervals.

UFO Planning Webpage: www.UFORMP.com

#### Mail comments to:

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